

# Laser Materials Tm:YAG



## **General Information**

Tm:YAG is used as an efficient means to generate high power 2.01 micron laser emission from the  ${}^3F_4$  -  ${}^3H_6$  transition, for surgical cutting and coagulation applications due to the high water absorption at this wavelength [1]. Diode pumping is commonly employed into the 785nm  ${}^3H_6$ - ${}^3H_4$  absorption feature. Of interest in Tm $^{3+}$  activated systems is the increased quantum efficiency obtained thru Tm-Tm ion cross relaxation; a non-radiative process where an excited Thulium in the  ${}^3H_4$  state (energy level around 12900 cm -1) decays to the  ${}^3F_4$  state (energy level around 6000 cm -1) and a nearest neighbor ground-state Thulium ion is promoted to the  ${}^3F_4$  level, along with phonon byproduct to satisfy energy conservation [2]. Thus, in appropriate concentrations, a single Thulium ion excited to the  ${}^3H_4$  level generates two Thulium ions in the  ${}^3F_4$  upper laser level.

When cooled to cryogenic temperatures, the  ${}^{3}\text{H}_{6}^{-3}\text{H}_{4}$  line of low doped Tm:YAG exhibits very narrow homogeneously broadened absorption features (on the order of ~kHz), embedded within a broad (~30GHz) inhomogeneously broadened line. This combination of properties has been shown to have significant importance to next generation quantum computing protocols [3], real-time broad-band spectral analysis for electronic awareness applications[4], and high time-bandwidth product signal processing applications [5].

Contact us with your specific requirements or for availability and pricing.

#### **Dopant Ion**

Tm3+ concentration range	0.005 - 100 atomic %
Dopant Ion Density @ 1 atomic %	
Y3+ Site	1.38 x 10 <sup>20</sup> cm <sup>-3</sup>
Al3+Site (IV)	1.38 x 10 <sup>20</sup> cm <sup>-3</sup>
Al3+Site (VI)	0.92 x 10 <sup>20</sup> cm <sup>-3</sup>

### **Common Operating Specs**

Emission Wavelength	2.01 μm	
Laser Transition	${}^{3}\text{H}_{4} \rightarrow {}^{3}\text{H}_{6}$	
Pump Wavelength	785 nm	

# **Physical Properties**

Coefficient of Thermal Expansion	6.14 x 10 <sup>-6</sup> K <sup>-1</sup>
Thermal Diffusivity	$0.041 \text{ cm}^2 \text{ s}^{-2}$
Thermal Conductivity	11.2 W m <sup>-1</sup> K <sup>-1</sup>
Specific Heat (Cp)	$0.59 \text{ J g}^{-1} \text{ K}^{-1}$
Thermal Shock Resistant	800 W m <sup>-1</sup>
Refractive Index @ 632.8 nm	1.83
dn/dT (Thermal Coefficient of Refractive Index) @ 1064nm	7.8 10 <sup>-6</sup> K <sup>-1</sup>
Molecular Weight	593.7 g mol <sup>-1</sup>
Melting Point	1965°C
Density	4.56 g cm <sup>-3</sup>
MOHS Hardness	8.25
Young's Modulus	335 Gpa
Tensile Strength	2 Gpa
Crystal Structure	Cubic
Standard Orientation	<111>
Y3+ Site Symmetry	$D_2$
Lattice Constant	a=12.013 Å



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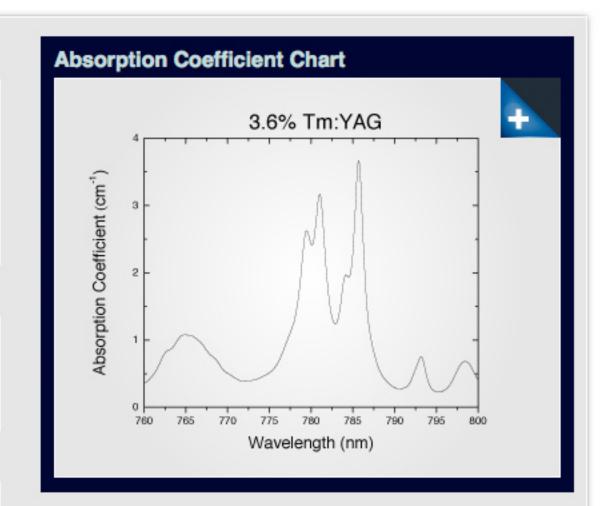
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